

Science Skill Development

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Y1	Everyday Materials (Seasonal Changes) Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways - performing simple tests - identifying and classifying - using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions Working Scientifically (seasonal change) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways - observing closely, using simple equipment - identifying and classifying – weather patterns - using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions - gathering and recording data to help in answering questions 	Animals Including humans (Seasonal Changes) Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways - observing closely, using simple equipment - identifying and classifying – weather patterns - using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions - gathering and recording data to help in answering questions 	Plants (Seasonal Changes)			
Y2	Animals Including humans Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways - observing closely, using simple equipment - identifying and classifying - using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions 	Use of Everyday Materials Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways - observing closely, using simple equipment - performing simple tests - identifying and classifying (uses of materials) - using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions - gathering and recording data to help in answering questions 	Living Things and their Habitats Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways - observing closely, using simple equipment - identifying and classifying - using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions - gathering and recording data to help in answering questions. 	Plants	Working Scientifically	
Y3	Rocks Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them - setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests - making systematic and careful observations - gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions - recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams and keys. - reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions 	Animals Including humans Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them - setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests - making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers - gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions - recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables 	Light Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them - setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests - making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers 	Forces and Magnets Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them - setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests - making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers - gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions - recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables 	Plants	Working Scientifically

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - using results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions - identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes - using straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions - using results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions - identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes - using straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions - using results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions - identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes - using straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions - using results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions - identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes - using straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings. 		
Y4	Electricity Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking relevant questions - setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative tests - making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including data loggers - gathering and recording data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions - recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams - using results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions - identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes 	Sound Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them - setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests - making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data logger - gathering and recording data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions - recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, and tables - reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, of results and conclusions - using results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions - identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes - using straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings. 	States of Matter Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them - setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests - making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers - gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions - recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables - reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions - using results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions - identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes - using straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings. 	Animals Including humans Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them - setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests - making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers - gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions - recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables - reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions - using results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions - identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes - using straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings. 	Living Things and their Habitats Working Scientifically	Working Scientifically
Y5	Animals Including humans Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas or processes. - Record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, 	Earth and Space Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Plan enquiries, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. - Use appropriate techniques, apparatus and materials during fieldwork and laboratory work. 	Properties and Changes of Materials Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary - taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with 	Living Things and their Habitats Working Scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary - taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with 	Forces	Working Scientifically

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - classification keys, tables, bar and line graphs and models. - Report findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations of results explanations involving causal relationships and conclusions. <p>Present findings in written form, displays and other presentations.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Take measurements using a wide range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision. - Report findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations of results, explanations involving causal relationships and conclusions. - Present findings in written form, display and other presentations. - Use simple models to describe scientific ideas, identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate - recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs - using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests - reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations - identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate - recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs - using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests - reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations - identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments. 		
Y6	<p>Light</p> <p>Working Scientifically</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - plan enquiries, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. - use appropriate techniques, apparatus and materials during fieldwork and laboratory work. - take measurements using a wide range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision. - report findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations of results, explanations involving causal relationships and conclusions. 	<p>Electricity</p> <p>Working Scientifically</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - plan enquiries, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. - use appropriate techniques, apparatus and materials during fieldwork and laboratory work. - take measurements using a wide range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision. - record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, tables, bar and line graphs and models. - report findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations of results, explanations involving causal relationships and conclusions. - present findings in written form, display and other presentations. - use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests. 	<p>Living Things and their Habitats</p> <p>Working Scientifically</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary - taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate - recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs - using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests - reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations - identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments. 	<p>Evolution and Inheritance</p> <p>Working Scientifically</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs - reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations - identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments. 	Animals Including humans	Working Scientifically

